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	4428439002 United Kingdom		
4. Title of the invention	TEMPERATURE-LIMITING DEVICE		
5. Name of your agent (if you have one)	DEREK JACKSON ASSOCIATES		
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Description 16

Claim(s)

Abstract

Drawing(s) 3 + 3 *Pen*

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TEMPERATURE-LIMITING DEVICE

This invention relates to a temperature-limiting device for an electric heater, in particular an electric heater
5 for use in a cooking appliance, such as a cooking hob having a glass-ceramic cooking surface. The invention also relates to an electric heater provided with the temperature-limiting device.

10 It is well known to provide a temperature-limiting device for an electric heater. Such an electric heater is typically arranged for location behind a surface to be heated, such as a glass-ceramic cooking surface, and generally comprises a dish-like support having therein at
15 least one electric heating element. In particular, the temperature-limiting device comprises thermally responsive bimetallic means provided in a housing and supported on the heater in such a way as to respond, at a particular temperature of the heater, to operate one or
20 more switch means located in the housing.

It is necessary to electrically connect a voltage source to the heating element or elements and to arrange for the temperature-limiting device to operate to interrupt the
25 voltage supply when a predetermined temperature is reached.

It is known to provide a terminal block externally on the dish-like support of the heater. Such terminal block is connected to terminal regions of the heating element or elements and external leads are arranged from the terminal block to the voltage source and to the temperature-limiting device. Such an arrangement is inconvenient and expensive to implement.

It is also known to provide direct electrical connection between terminal regions of a heating element and connecting elements on a temperature-limiting device, such connecting elements being accessible in the region of a front face of a housing of the temperature-limiting device adjacent to the heater. In this known arrangement, the temperature-limiting device comprises a differentially-expanding rod and tube assembly, which extends at least partly across the heater from the housing and operates one or more switch means located in the housing.

20

According to the present invention there is provided a temperature-limiting device for an electric heater, the heater being adapted for location behind a surface to be heated and comprising a dish-like support having therein at least one electric heating element having first and second terminal regions, the device comprising thermally

responsive bimetallic means provided in a housing, the housing being adapted to be supported at a peripheral region of the heater, at least partially externally of the dish-like support, the thermally responsive

5 bimetallic means being adapted to be thermally coupled with the heater to sense heat generated therein by the at least one heating element and to respond at a predetermined temperature to operate at least one switch means located in the housing, the housing having first

10 and second opposite sides provided with first and second electrically conductive elements accessible at the sides of the housing, externally of the dish-like support, for electrical connection to the first and second terminal regions respectively of the at least one electric heating

15 element.

Electrical connection of the first and second electrically conductive elements to the respective first and second terminal regions of the at least one heating

20 element may be by means of direct contact between the electrically conductive elements and the terminal regions.

Alternatively, one or both of the first and second

25 electrically conductive elements may be arranged for electrical connection to the respective first and/or

second terminal regions of the at least one heating element by way of at least one electrically conductive link, such as of wire or strip form.

5 The first and second terminal regions of the at least one heating element, or the at least one electrically conductive link, may extend through apertures in the dish-like support for electrical connection to the first and second electrically conductive elements.

10

The first and second terminal regions of the at least one heating element, or the at least one electrically conductive link, may be electrically connected to the first and second electrically conductive elements by

15 welding.

The first and second electrically conductive elements may extend laterally at the first and second opposite sides of the housing.

20

At least one of the first and second electrically conductive elements may have a portion extending in a direction towards the heater and at a predetermined angle relative to a rim of the dish-like support.

25

At least one of the first and second electrically
conductive elements may be provided with a strip-like
portion or a flanged portion for securing to the first
and/or second terminal regions of the at least one
5 heating element, or to the at least one electrically
conductive link.

The strip-like portion or portions may have a plane
thereof disposed in any desired orientation from a
10 vertical plane to a horizontal plane.

The flanged portion may suitably have a wall portion with
a dependant laterally-directed ledge portion.

15 The at least one electric heating element may be of
corrugated ribbon form supported upstanding on edge in
the dish-like support.

The first and second terminal regions of the at least one
20 electric heating element of corrugated ribbon form may be
connected directly to the first and second electrically
conductive elements and have an orientation substantially
the same as that of the at least one electric heating
element as supported in the dish-like support, or may be
25 twisted through an appropriate angle for connection to
the first and second electrically conductive elements.

The first and second electrically conductive elements may comprise metal, such as stainless steel or nickel-plated steel.

5 The first electrically conductive element may be electrically connected to the at least one switch means in the housing and the second electrically conductive element may be adapted for electrical connection to an external lead wire.

10

At least a third electrically conductive terminal may be provided at the first or second sides of the housing, and may be arranged for electrical connection to the at least one switch means in the housing and may be adapted for

15 electrical connection to an external lead wire.

The housing of the temperature-limiting device may comprise ceramic material.

20 The thermally responsive bimetallic means may be thermally coupled with the heater by means of an elongate thermally conductive member, such as of metal, and such as of rod, beam or tube form, which is adapted to extend from the housing at least partly across the heater and
25 overlying the at least one heating element. Such

elongate member may have an end thereof in direct or indirect contact with the bimetallic means.

Alternatively, the housing may have a front face thereof
5 adapted to be exposed to thermal radiation from the heater, through an aperture provided in a rim of the dish-like support, the bimetallic means being either adapted to be directly exposed to the thermal radiation from the heater, or to be in thermo-conducting
10 relationship with thermally conducting means directly exposed, at the front face of the housing, to the thermal radiation from the heater.

The housing may be adapted to be partly inserted into the
15 heater through the aperture provided in the rim of the dish-like support.

The bimetallic means may comprise a snap disc, operating at a predetermined temperature to displace electric
20 contacts of the at least one switch means. The snap disc may operate to displace the electric contacts by way of an intermediate member, such as of rod form.

Alternatively, the bimetallic means may comprise a
25 member, such as of strip form, which undergoes increasing deflection with increasing temperature and operates to

cause displacement of electric contacts of the at least one switch means at a predetermined temperature. Such electric contacts may be incorporated in a snap switch arrangement.

5

The present invention also provides an electric heater provided with the aforementioned temperature-limiting device.

10 For a better understanding of the present invention and to show more clearly how it may be carried into effect, reference will now be made, by way of example, to the accompanying drawings in which:

15 Figure 1 is a plan view of an arrangement of part of an electric heater provided with an embodiment of a temperature-limiting device according to the present invention;

20 Figure 2 is a plan view of a modification of the arrangement of Figure 1; and

Figure 3 is a plan view of an arrangement of part of an electric heater provided with an alternative embodiment
25 of a temperature-limiting device according to the present invention.

Referring to Figure 1, an electric heater 2 is arranged for location beneath a surface 4 to be heated. The surface 4 may be a cooking surface and may comprise glass-ceramic material.

5

The heater 2 comprises a dish-like support 6, such as of metal, containing a layer 8 of thermal and electrical insulation material, such as microporous thermal and electrical insulation material. A peripheral wall 10 of thermal insulation material is provided in the dish-like support 6 and contacts the underside of the surface 4 to be heated.

At least one radiant electric heating element 12 is arranged inside the dish-like support 6. As shown in Figure 1, heating element 12 comprises a corrugated metal ribbon arranged upstanding on edge in the dish-like support 6. However, other forms of heating element could be provided.

20

A temperature-limiting device 14 is provided for the heater 2 and comprises a housing 16, suitably of ceramic material, incorporating at least one switch means 18 having switch contacts 20. The housing 16 is secured to the periphery of the heater 2, against or adjacent to a rim of the dish-like support 6.

A thermally responsive bimetallic means 22, in the form of a snap disc, is provided inside the housing 16 and is arranged to operate the switch means 18 by way of a rod 24, to open and close the switch contacts 20.

5

An elongate thermally conductive member 26 has an end 28 thereof thermally coupled directly or indirectly with the bimetallic snap disc 22 and extends from a front face 30 of the housing 16, through the rim of the dish-like support 6 and the peripheral wall 10 and at least partly across the heater 2, overlying the at least one heating element 12. The elongate thermally conductive member 26 comprises metal and is suitably in the form of a rod, beam or tube.

15

The housing 16 has a first side 32 from which laterally extends a first electrically conductive element 34 having a portion 36 extending in a direction towards the heater at a predetermined angle relative to the rim of the dish-like support 6. The first electrically conductive element 34 is electrically connected to the switch means 18.

The housing 16 has a second side 38 from which laterally extends a second electrically conductive element 40 having a portion 42 extending in a direction towards the

heater at a predetermined angle relative to the rim of the dish-like support 6. The second electrically conductive element 40 is provided with a terminal portion 44 for electrical connection to an external lead wire 5 (not shown), from a power supply.

A third electrically conductive element 46 is also provided on the housing 16 and extending laterally at the second side 38 thereof. This third electrically
10 conductive element 46 is also electrically connected to the switch means 18 and is adapted to be connected to a further external lead wire (not shown), from the power supply.

15 The first, second and third electrically conductive elements 34, 40 and 46 are accessible at the sides 32, 38 of the housing 16 and suitably comprise metal, such as stainless steel or nickel-plated steel. They are suitably of strip form.

20

The corrugated ribbon heating element 12 has first and second terminal regions 12A and 12B thereof extending through apertures 48, 50 in the peripheral wall 10 and the rim of the dish-like support 6, of the heater 2. If
25 desired, the terminal regions 12A and 12B need not be corrugated. The first terminal region 12A of the heating

element 12 is welded directly to the portion 36 of the first electrically conductive element 34 and the second terminal region 12B of the heating element 12 is welded directly to the portion 42 of the second electrically
5 conductive element 40. The first and second electrically conductive elements 34, 40 are readily accessed at the sides 32, 38 of the housing 16 by the jaws of a pincer welding apparatus (not shown), to effect the necessary welding operations.

10

The portions 36 and 42 of the first and second electrically conductive elements 34, 40 may comprise wall portions and have dependant outwardly-directed ledge portions 36A and 42A respectively, such that the first
15 and second electrically conductive elements 34, 40 have a resultant flanged form. The ledge portions 36A and 42A serve to support the first and second terminal regions 12A, 12B of the heating element 12 during the welding operation and may each be provided with an upstanding lip
20 (not shown) on the outer edge thereof to assist retention of the terminal regions 12A, 12B on the ledge portions 36A, 42A prior to welding. The lips may extend upwardly by about 2mm and such that they do not inhibit access by the welding apparatus. Alternatively, other means (not
25 shown) may be provided to retain the terminal regions 12A, 12B on the ledge portions 36A, 42A prior to welding.

The portions 36 and 42 of the first and second electrically conductive elements 34, 40 could be of simple strip form, having a plane thereof disposed in any desired orientation from a vertical plane to a horizontal
5 plane.

When the heater 2 is energised for operation, heat is conducted along the elongate thermally conductive member 26 to the bimetallic snap disc 22. When a predetermined
10 temperature is reached, the snap disc 22 deflects and the rod 24 is urged towards the switch means 18, resulting in opening of the switch contacts 20 and de-energising of the heater. When the heater cools, the bimetallic snap disc returns to its original state, allowing the switch
15 contacts 20 to close and the heater to be energised again.

As shown in Figure 1, the first and second terminal regions 12A, 12B of the corrugated ribbon heating element
20 12 have an orientation substantially the same as that of the heating element 12 as supported in the dish-like support 6. If desired, however, the first and/or second terminal regions 12A, 12B of the heating element 12 may be twisted through an appropriate angle for connection to
25 the first and/or second electrically conductive elements 34, 40 in a different plane. This is illustrated in

Figure 2, where the first terminal region 12A of the heating element 12 is twisted and welded to the outwardly-directed ledge portion 36A of the portion 36 of the first electrically conductive element 34. The second
5 terminal region 12B of the heating element 12 can be similarly arranged.

Instead of the first and second terminal regions 12A, 12B of the heating element 12 being directly welded to the
10 first and second electrically conductive elements 34, 40, one or more intermediate electrically conductive links, such as of wire or strip form, may be provided connecting the first and/or second terminal regions 12A, 12B of the heating element 12 to the first and/or second
15 electrically conductive elements 34, 40 respectively.

This is illustrated in Figure 2, where the second terminal region 12B of the heating element 12 is welded to one end of a link 52 inside the heater 2. The link 52 passes through aperture 50 in the peripheral wall 10 and
20 the rim of the dish-like support 6 of the heater 2 and is welded at its opposite end to the portion 42 of the second electrically conductive element 40. The first terminal region 12A of the heating element 12 can be similarly treated.

The provision of one or more electrically conductive links, such as the link 52, is particularly advantageous when a heating element of lamp form is provided and where terminals on an envelope of the lamp cannot be connected
5 directly to the first and second electrically conductive elements 34, 40.

Referring now to Figure 3, this shows an electric heater 2 provided with a temperature-limiting device 14 and
10 which is constructed in substantially identical manner to that of Figure 1, with the exception of the operating components of the temperature-limiting device 14. In the arrangement of Figure 3, the thermally responsive bimetallic means 22 comprises a bimetallic strip secured
15 at one end 22A to the housing 16 and has a free end 22B which gradually displaces or creeps in a direction towards the switch means 18 as its temperature increases. Such displacement or creeping is transmitted by the rod 24 to the switch means 18. Here the switch means 18
20 comprises a snap switch arrangement and, at a particular displacement or extent of creeping with temperature of the bimetallic strip 22, the contacts 20 of the switch means 18 snap open, resulting in de-energising of the heater 2. On cooling, the bimetallic strip 22 gradually
25 returns to its original position and the contacts 20 of

the switch means 18 snap shut, allowing further energising of the heater 2.

Although an elongate thermally conductive member, such as
5 the member 26 of Figure 1, could be provided to conduct heat generated in the heater 2 to the bimetallic strip 22, this is not essential. As shown in Figure 3, the front face 30 of the housing 16 is arranged to be exposed to thermal radiation from inside the heater 2 through an
10 aperture 54 provided in the peripheral wall 10 and the rim of the dish-like support 6. If desired, the housing 16 could be partly inserted into the aperture 54.

The front face 30 of the housing 16 may be provided with
15 an aperture to expose the bimetallic strip 22 to thermal radiation from within the heater 2, or may comprise or include a thermally conductive material thermally coupled to the bimetallic strip 22.

20 The alternative arrangements, shown in Figure 2, for connecting the terminal regions 12A, 12B of the heating element 12 to the first and second electrically conductive elements 34, 40, are also equally applicable to the heater 2 of Figure 3.

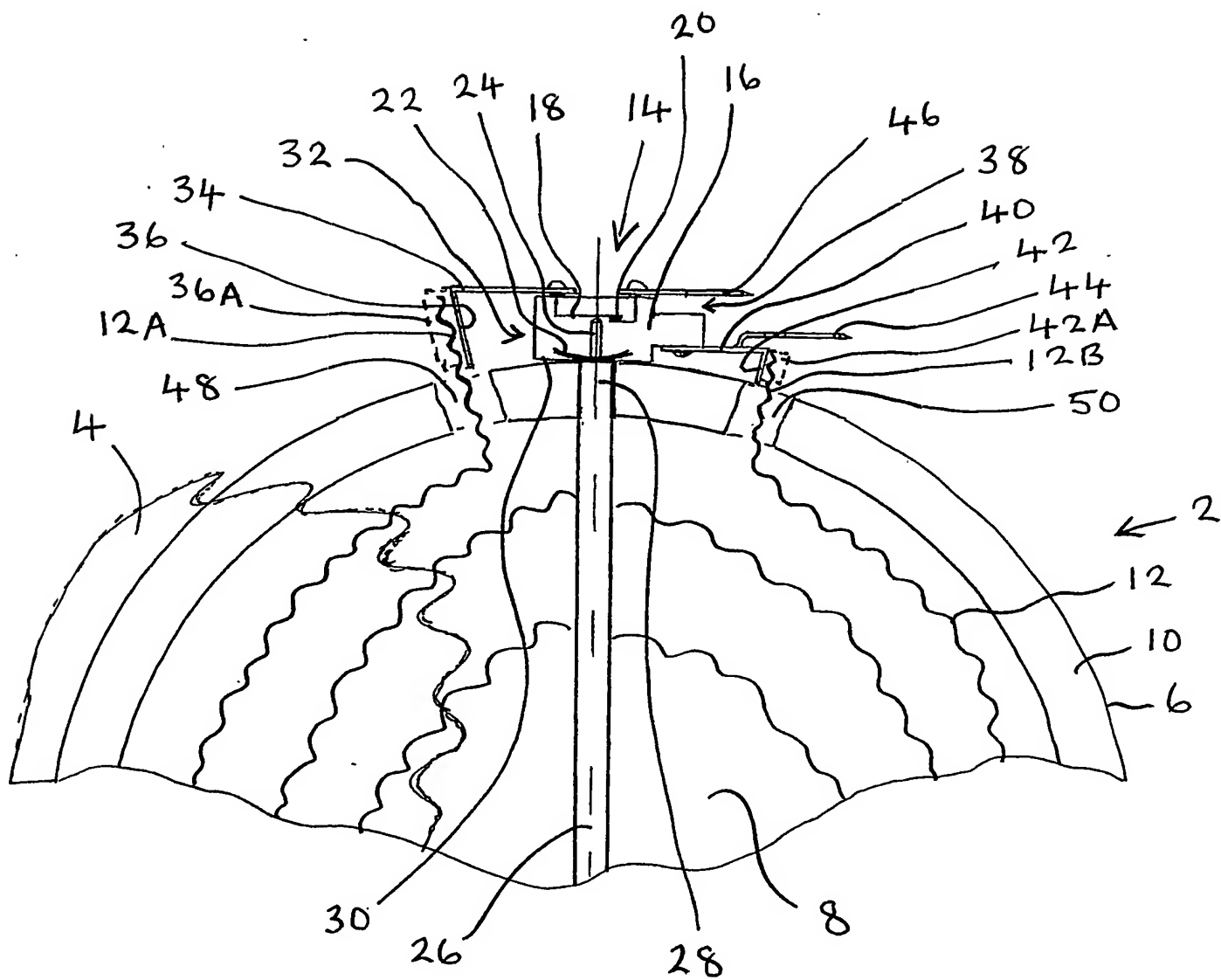


FIG. 1

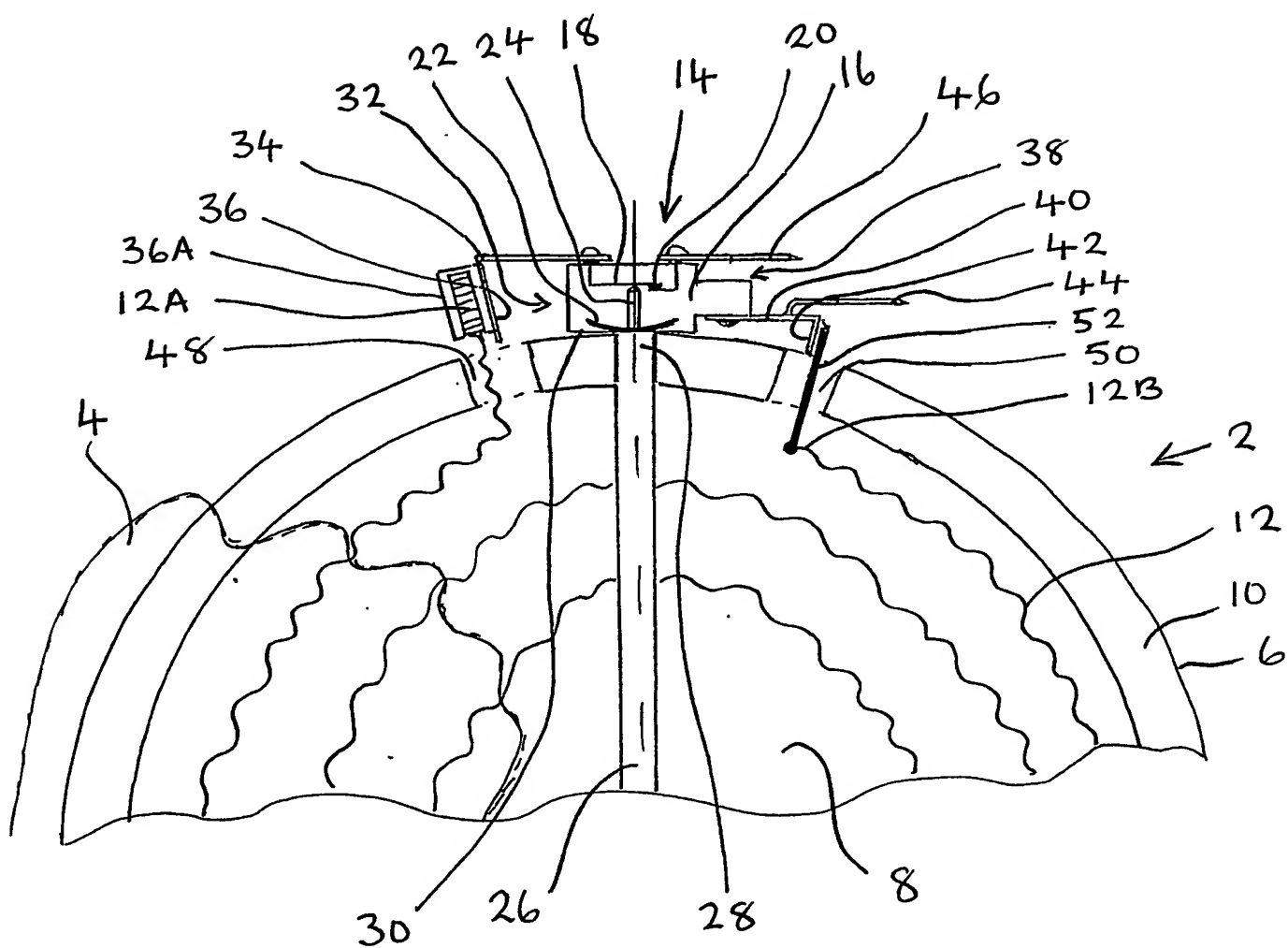


FIG. 2

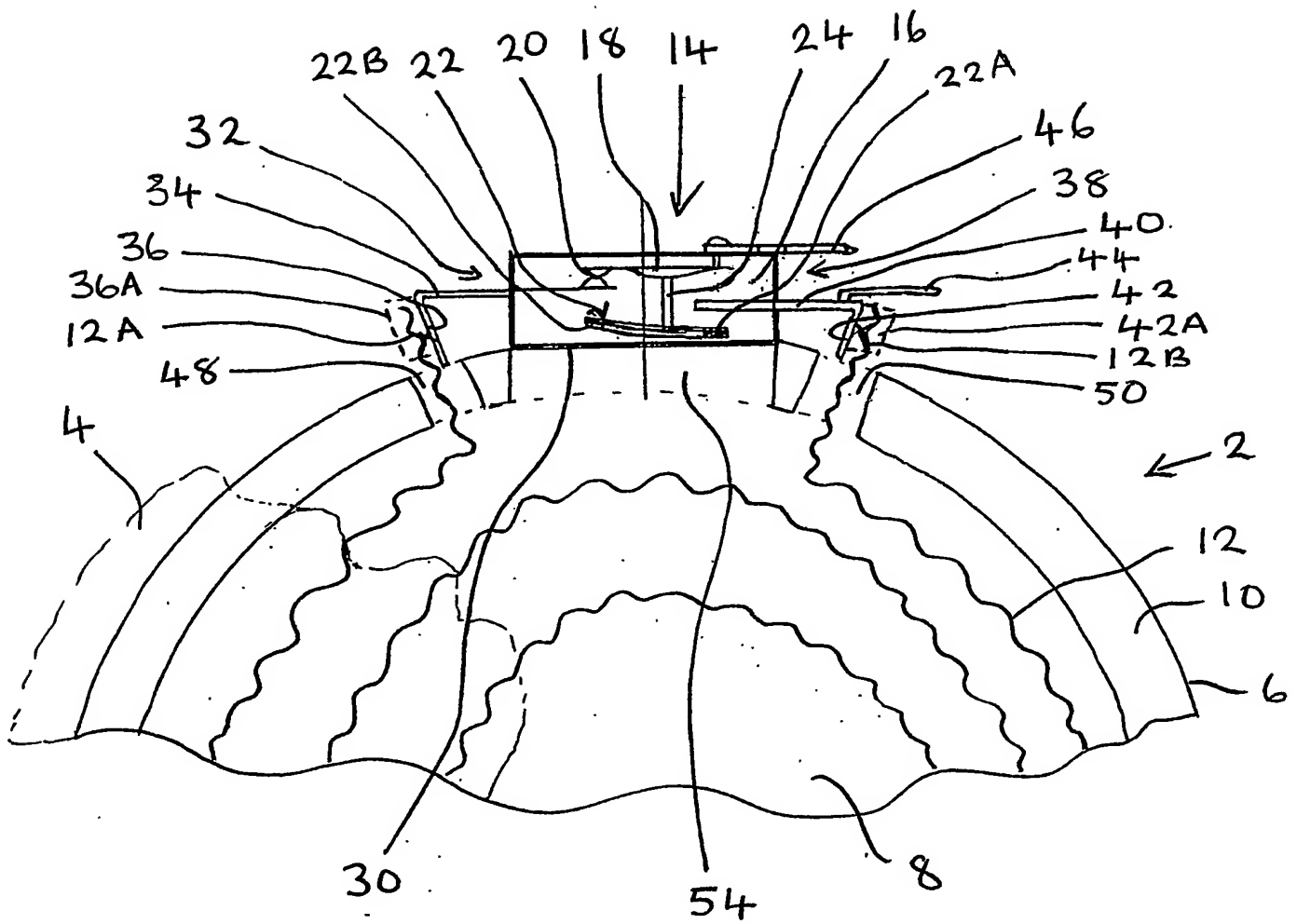


FIG. 3

PCT Application
PCT/GB2004/000178



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